	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Examiner-Initiated Interview Summary	09/879,709	SUMMERS, WADE
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Justin R Fischer	1733
All Participants:	Status f Application	on: <u>Pending</u>
(1) <u>Justin R Fischer</u> .	(3)	
(2) Theresa Camoriano.	(4)	
Date of Interview: 5 August 2003	Time: <u>8:30</u>	
Type of Interview: ☐ Telephonic ☐ Video Conference ☐ Personal (Copy given to: ☐ Applicant Exhibit Shown or Demonstrated: ☐ Yes If Yes, provide a brief description:		
Part I.		
Rejection(s) discussed: 35 U.S.C 103 in view of either one of Krum, Peck, or G	rubb	
Claims discussed:		
Prior art documents discussed: Krum, Peck, and Grubb		
Part II.		
SUBSTANCE OF INTERVIEW DESCRIBING THE See Continuation Sheet	E GENERAL NATURE OF WHA	T WAS DISCUSSED:
Part III.		
 ☐ It is not necessary for applicant to provide a so directly resulted in the allowance of the application of the interview in the Notice of Allowability. ☐ It is not necessary for applicant to provide a so did not result in resolution of all issues. A brief 	ation. The examiner will provide eparate record of the substance	a written summary of the substance of the interview, since the interview
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(Examiner/SPE Signature) (A	Applicant/Applicant's Representa	ntive Signature – if appropriate)

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Continuation of Substance of Interview including description of the general nature of what was discussed: Applicant's representative argued that the tire of Krum would not be operative (mountable) with a safety rim construction since the tire contains a plurality of spaced, inflatable elements C that would restrict the ability to slide the tire onto the rim. In particular, applicant has attempted to mount an inventive tire with three or more rim locks and has been unable to do so (argued that such a mounting would be analogous to that of Krum having a plurality of spaced points C). Also, applicant argued that only Krum teaches the inclusion of inflatable balls that are not defined within a spacing or container (e.g. they are free to move in the circumferential direction). Lastly, applicant suggested new language that defined "at least 50% of the inflated balls are free to move in the circumferential direction". However, it is the examiner's position that the original disclosure fails to contain support for such language or any language that defines embodiments in which all of the balls are not free to move. The original disclosure is not directed to embodiments in which there is a combination of fixed and free balls- there is only a description of an embodiment in which all of the balls are free to move in the circumferential direction. Thus, while an embodiment having all of the balls (100%) be free is within the range of "at least 50%", the proposed language constitutes new matter since a fair reading of the original disclosure does not suggest a combination of fixed and free balls, which is suggested by the proposed language.

Michael W. Ball
Supervisory Patent Examiner

Technology Center 1700